

Calcium silicate / graphite composites

## **CALCAST® CC 155 G4, G8, G16**

**CALCAST® CC 155 G4, G8** and **G16** are calcium silicate/graphite composites, which combine the mechanical and physical properties of graphite and calcium silicate. The results are materials with tailored and improved properties in regard to several high temperature applications, especially when used in casting processes with liquid aluminium. **CALCAST® CC 155 G4, G8** and **G16** reduces dramatically the wetting with molten metal. After contact with the metal nearly zero attachments of metal residuals are present. This reduces the transport of oxides into the casted part as well as the overall consumption of metal alloy.

#### Thermal conductivity

The amount of graphite in the calcium silicate determines the properties of the material. Especially thermophysical properties like thermal conductivity and reversible thermal expansion are influenced by the anisotropic graphite crystals.

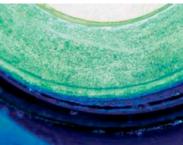
The thermal conductivity increases with increasing amount of graphite. Higher conductivities can result in faster casting processes. The conductivity is anisotropic, following the graphite lattice which has a parallel orientation to the board plane. With increasing oxidation of the graphite component the thermal conductivity decreases.

The reversible thermal expansion is reduced by the graphite. The amount of reduction is determined by the amount of graphite in the composite. It also depends on the amount of oxidation of the graphite component.

#### **Oxidation characteristics**

A significant oxidation of the graphite in air starts at 600 °C. Used in liquid aluminium however also after longer periods no significant oxidation of the components are observable.





Hot Face after > 100 drops



Wetting in liquid Aluminium



#### **SPECIAL FEATURES**

- no wetting with liquid non-ferrous metals
- increased thermal conductivity
- reduced thermal expansion
- low oil absorption
- precisely machineable

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### Oil absorption & Self lubrication

The material stays not wettable, self lubricating and resistant against oil absorption. The oil absorption is reduced with increasing amount of graphite in comparison to standard calcium silicates. Coatings like boron nitride or graphite suspensions minimizes the oil uptake additionally.

Typical applications of **CALCAST CC 155 G4, G8, G16** are transfer- and transport-launders, ladles, bushings, hot top rings, transition plates and many more.



Oil traces on the surface after 144 h at room temperature

CALCAST®		Method	Unit	CC 155 G4		CC 155 G8		CC 155 G16		
Upper application limit temperature		EN 1094-6	°C	1,000		1,000		1,000		
Bulk density (± 10%)		EN 1602	kg/m³	1,150		1,100		1,050		
Open porosity (in acc. with standard)		EN 993-1	%	55		55		60		
Compression strength		EN 826	MPa	24		22		18		
Flexural strength		EN 12089	MPa	11		10		9		
Hardness		DIN 53505	Shore D	70		65		60		
Shrinkage after 12 h		EN 1094-6								
Length and width 750 °C			%	0.30		0.25		0.27		
Thickness	750 °C			0.80		0.80		0.75		
Thermal conductivity $\lambda$ at $t_{_{m}}$		EN 993-15	W/(m K)	Т	<i>II</i>	上	//	Т	//	
	400 °C			0.64	0.62	1.22	2.59	1.80	4.55	
$\perp$ perpendicular to board plane	600 °C			0.52	0.59	0.93	2.06	1.34	3.52	
<b>//</b> parallel to board plane	800 °C			0.37	0.39	0.62	0.87	0.86	1.35	
Coefficient of expansion	RT-750 °C	EN 13471		Т	//	Т	//	Т	//	
⊥ perpendicular to board plane										
<b>//</b> parallel to board plane			$K^{-1} \times 10^{-6}$	6.7	6.2	5.9	4.7	6.5	6.2	
Chemical composition										
Calcium silicate			%	95		91		83		
Graphite				4		8		16		
$R_xO_x$ (R=Fe, Ti, K, Na)				1		1		1		
Annealing loss			%	10		12		22		
Dimensions										
Standard sizes		Tolerances								
	Length	±2; *0/+50	mm	1,000/1,500/3,000*						
	Width	0/+20	mm	1,250						
	Thickness	0/+0.8	mm	12.7/19.1/25.4/31.8/38.1/50.8/76.2/101.6						
	Surfaces gro	Surfaces ground on both sides, without trimming.								

The properties mentioned are typical values obtained according to the listed methods. Product variations have to be taken into account. The data do not represent guaranteed properties and cannot be used for any warranty claim. Data are subject to technical modifications.

